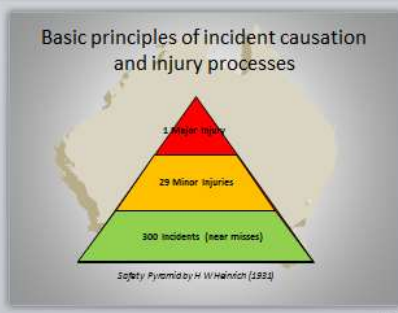
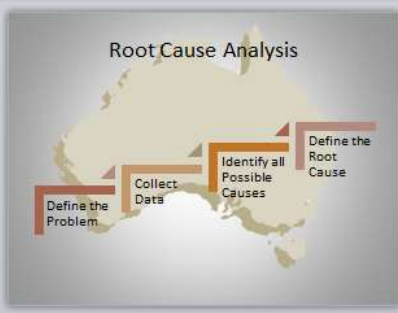


BSBWHS404 Contribute to WHS hazard identification, risk assessment and risk control

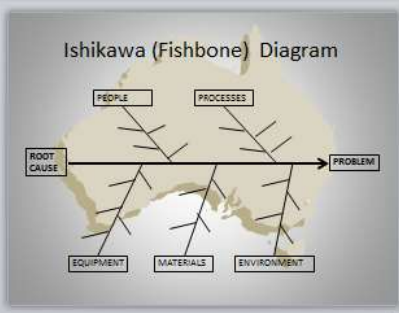
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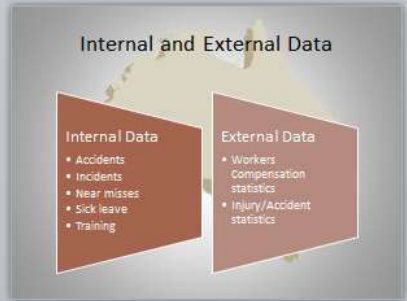
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Table 1 Worker fatalities: number of traumatic injury fatalities and fatality rate (fatalities per 100 000 workers), 2011-12

Industry	Number	Fatality Rate
Agriculture, forestry & fishing	30	17.23
Transport, postal & warehousing	51	9.02
Construction	42	4.11
Manufacturing	20	2.09
Public administration & safety	10	1.27
Wholesale trade	7	1.70
Administrative & support services	6	1.50
Professional, scientific & technical services	6	0.67
Mining	5	2.00
Arts & recreation services	4	1.91
Education & training	4	0.46
Information media & telecommunications	4	1.85
Other industries	9	0.20
All industries	228	1.99

Source: Safe Work Australia Key Work Health and Safety Statistics 2024 (July 2024)

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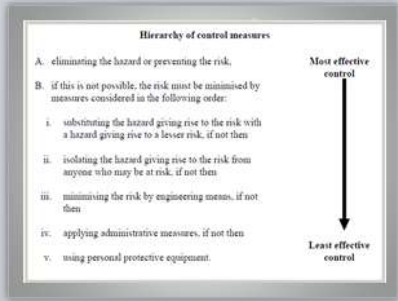
Codes of Practice

Practical guidance on how to comply with legislative requirements

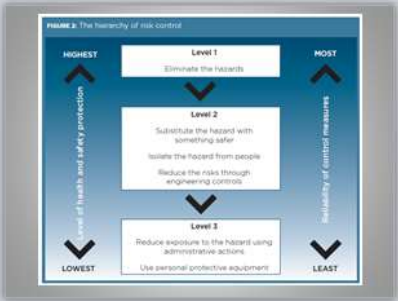
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Likelihood How likely is it to happen?	Consequences: Insignificant (no injuries)	Minor (first aid treatment only, spillage contained at site)	Moderate (medical treatment, spillage contained but with remote help)	Major (extensive injuries, loss of production)	Catastrophic (death, toxic release of chemicals)
Almost certain - expected in most circumstances	3	H	H	H	H
Likely - will probably occur in most circumstances	2	M	H	H	H
Possible - might occur at some time	1	M	M	H	H
Unlikely - could occur at some time	0	L	M	H	H
Rare - may occur, only in exceptional circumstances	0	L	M	H	H

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SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

JOB/TASK	WORK IDENTIFICATION AND CONTROL	Specific task requirements
Practical steps to perform task	Practical hazards for each step	Control measures to implement
Qualifications or experience	Engineering details	
Certificates, permits, approvals	Access/Control of Work	
Plant/equipment	Maintenance checks	
Workplace impediments		

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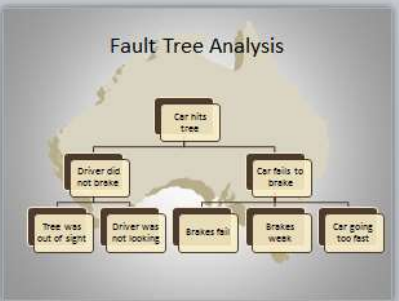
4.2.2 Planning identification of hazards, hazard/risk assessment and control of hazards/risks

The organization should establish, implement and maintain documented procedures for hazard identification, hazard/risk assessment and control of hazards/risks of activities, products and services over which an organization has control or influence, including activities, relevant relationships with contractors or suppliers.

The organization should develop its methodology for hazard identification, hazard/risk assessment and control of hazards/risks based on its operational experience and its commitment to eliminate workplace illness and injury. The methodology should be kept up-to-date.

The specific application of hazard identification and hazard/risk assessment and control procedures should be likewise part of the ongoing planning process.

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